

## THE EVENTS IN ORDER

Chronology of Annexation in 45 Paragraphs.

### DATES AND THE HAPPENING

Stirring Days of 1893 and 1895.  
Scene Shifts to Washington.  
Back to Hawaii.

The dates and events which have occurred since the struggle for annexation began, and which have had a bearing thereon, are as follows:

1. January 14, 1893—Liliuokalani attempted to abrogate the Constitution by force and promulgate a new one.
2. January 14, 1893—A Committee of Safety of thirteen members, was organized by citizens to devise ways and means to prevent the queen's proposed action and preserve the peace.
3. January 16, 1893—Mass meeting of citizens in Honolulu adopted resolutions denouncing and condemning the action of the Queen and authorizing the Committee of Safety to "further devise such ways and means as may be necessary to secure the permanent maintenance of law and order and the protection of life, liberty and property in Hawaii."
4. January 16, 1893—American troops landed in Honolulu.
5. January 17, 1893—The Committee of Safety deposed Liliuokalani, abrogated the Monarchy and organized a Provisional Government, which until terms of union with the United States of America have been negotiated and agreed upon.
6. January 19, 1893—Temporary American protectorate over Hawaii declared by Minister Stevens, pending results at Washington and American flag hoisted over Government Building.
7. February 1, 1893—Annexation treaty signed at Washington.
8. February 2, 1893—The annexation commission arrived at Washington.
9. February 14, 1893—Annexation treaty transmitted to the U. S. Senate by President Harrison.
10. March 4, 1893—Congress adjourned without action on the treaty, and Grover Cleveland succeeded Benjamin Harrison as President of the United States.
11. March 9, 1893—President Cleveland withdrew the annexation treaty from the consideration of the Senate.
12. March 11, 1893—Mr. H. Blount of Georgia appointed "Special Representative Commissioner to Hawaii."
13. March 29, 1893—Commissioner Blount arrived in Honolulu on the Revenue Cutter Richard Rush.
14. March 30, 1893—Commissioner Blount presented his credentials from President Cleveland to President Dole.
15. April 1, 1893—American flag hoisted down from Government Building by order of Commissioner Blount.
16. April 1, 1893—Mr. Blount appointed Minister to Hawaii, and accredited to the Provisional Government.
17. May 17, 1893—Mr. Blount returned to the United States, and reported to the President concerning conditions in Hawaii.
18. September 27, 1893—Albert Willis appointed Minister to Hawaii.
19. November 4, 1893—Minister Willis arrived at Honolulu accredited to President Dole and immediately began secret negotiations with Liliuokalani for her restoration.
20. November 11, 1893—Blount's report and Secretary of State Gresham's letter to President Cleveland recommending restoration of Liliuokalani published in Washington.
21. November 12, 1893—Liliuokalani insisted to Mr. Willis that upon restoration leaders of the Provisional Government should be executed and their property confiscated. This caused Willis to delay restoration and seek further instructions.
22. November 21, 1893—News of Gresham's letter reached Honolulu by the Monowai.
23. November 25, 1893—Mass meeting in Honolulu protesting against assumption by President Cleveland of any control over Hawaiian internal affairs; against restoration of Liliuokalani, and pledging their "support to the best of our ability to the Provisional Government in resisting any attack upon it which may be contrary to the usage of nations."
24. November 26, 1893—President Dole demanded of Minister Willis his intentions toward Hawaii.
25. December 2, 1893—Willis declined to answer Dole's inquiry.
26. December 14, 1893—Willis received special instructions from Gresham, directing him to proceed with the restoration.
27. December 18, 1893—Both Houses of Congress having attacked the restoration policy with great severity, President Cleveland referred the whole Hawaiian question to Congress.
28. President Dole demanded of Willis an immediate answer as to whether he was negotiating with Liliuokalani for her restoration.
29. December 19, 1893—Minister Willis demanded of President Dole "in the name and by the authority of the United States of America" that he promptly relinquish "the Government to Liliuokalani."
30. December 23, 1893—President Dole refused to comply with Willis' demand.
31. July 4, 1894—A Constitutional Convention was proclaimed organizing the Republic of Hawaii.
32. January 7, 1895—Insurrection of Liliuokalani and her followers at Honolulu, resulting in the death of Charles L. Carter.
33. All the leaders of the insurrection were convicted by court-martial, but have since all been pardoned.
34. January 24, 1895—Liliuokalani voluntarily renounced all claim to the throne of Hawaii and took the oath of allegiance to the Republic.
35. June 16, 1897—A new annexation treaty was negotiated at Washington under President McKinley. The Senate, in special session, adjourned without action.
36. December 6, 1897—Congress convened in regular session; Senate engaged for several months in periodical discussion of the treaty, in secret session. A two-thirds affirmative vote not being available, vote not taken.
37. January 25, 1898—President Dole arrived in Washington in the interests of annexation, leaving February 6.
38. March 16, 1898—Treaty withdrawn from consideration of Senate by Senator Davis, Chairman Foreign Affairs Committee, and an annexation Joint Resolution substituted in place thereof.
39. May 5, 1898—Representative Newlands of Nevada introduced an annexation Joint Resolution in the House of Representatives.
40. June 15, 1898—Annexation Joint Resolution adopted by House of Representatives by a vote of 209 to 91, after four days' debate.
41. June 17, 1898—Foreign Affairs Committee of the Senate reported the House resolution favorably by a vote of 7 to 2.
42. June 20, 1898—Debate on Joint Resolution began in Senate.
43. July 6, 1898—Joint Resolution passed the U. S. Senate by a vote of 42 to 21.
44. July 7, 1898—President McKinley signed the annexation Joint Resolution.
45. August 12, 1898—President Dole formally ceded the Jurisdiction and property of the Hawaiian Government to the United States of America.

## JOINT RESOLUTION OF ANNEXATION.

### Congressional Decree Under Which Change Was Made.

This is the "Newlands Resolution," by which Annexation was directly brought about:

"Whereas, The Government of the Republic of Hawaii having in due form signified its consent, in the manner provided by its constitution, to cede absolutely and without reserve to the United States of America all the rights of sovereignty of whatever kind in and over the Hawaiian Islands and their dependencies, and also to cede and transfer to the United States the absolute fee and ownership of all public, Government or crown lands, public buildings or edifices, ports, harbors, military equipment and all other public property of every kind and description belonging to the Government of the Hawaiian Islands, together with every right and appurtenance thereunto appertaining; therefore be it

"Resolved, That said cession is accepted, ratified and confirmed, and that the said Hawaiian Islands and their dependencies be, and they are hereby, annexed as a part of the territory of the United States and are subject to the sovereign dominion thereof, and that all and singular the property and rights hereinbefore mentioned are vested in the United States of America.

"The existing laws of the United States relative to public lands shall not apply to such lands in the Hawaiian Islands, but the Congress of the United States shall enact special laws for their management and disposition, provided, that all revenue from or proceeds of the same, except as regards such part thereof as may be used or occupied for the civil, military or naval purposes of the United States, or may be assigned for use of the local government, shall be used solely for the benefit of the inhabitants of the Hawaiian Islands for educational and other public purposes.

"Until Congress shall provide for the government of such Islands, all the civil, judicial and military powers exercised by the officers of the existing government in said Islands shall be vested in such person or persons, as the President of the United States shall direct; and the President shall have power to remove the said officers and to fill the vacancies so occasioned.

"The existing treaties of the Hawaiian Islands with foreign nations shall forthwith cease and determine, being replaced by such treaties as may exist, or as may hereafter be concluded, between the United States and such foreign nations.

"The municipal legislation of the Hawaiian Islands, not enacted for the fulfillment of the treaties so extinguished, and not inconsistent with this joint resolution nor contrary to the Constitution of the United States, shall remain in force until the Congress of the United States shall otherwise determine.

"Until legislation shall be enacted extending the United States customs laws and regulations to the Hawaiian Islands the existing customs regulations of the Hawaiian Islands with the United States and other countries shall remain unchanged.

"The public debt of the Republic of Hawaii lawfully existing at the date of the passage of this joint resolution, including the amounts due to depositors in the Hawaiian Postal Savings Bank, is hereby assumed by the Government of the United States, but the liability of the United States in this regard shall in no case exceed \$4,000,000.

"So long, however, as the existing government and the present commercial relations of the Hawaiian Islands are continued as hereinbefore provided said government shall continue to pay the interest on said debt.

"There shall be no further immigration of Chinese into the Hawaiian Islands, except upon such conditions as are now or may hereafter be allowed by the laws of the United States; and no Chinese, by reason of anything herein contained, shall be allowed to enter the United States from the Hawaiian Islands.

"The President shall appoint five commissioners, at least two of whom shall be residents of the Hawaiian Islands, who shall, as soon as reasonably practicable, recommend to Congress such legislation concerning the Hawaiian Islands as they shall deem necessary or proper.

"Sec. 2. That the commissioners hereinbefore provided for shall be appointed by the President, by and with the consent and advice of the Senate.

"Sec. 3.—That the sum of \$100,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and to be immediately available, and to be expended at the discretion of the President of the United States of America, for the purpose of carrying this joint resolution into effect."

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## A FIRST SECTION

### Part of Honolulu Garrison Command Now Here.

Warmly Greeted Col. Barber-Squad of Engineers—A Temporary Camp Near the Park.

The steam schooner Charles Nelson arrived in port at 6:30 last evening, eight and a half days from San Francisco, and docked at the Oceanic wharf. She had on board the first battalion, First Regiment, New York Volunteers; Company C, third battalion, same regiment, and 23 engineers under Lieut. Mills; in all 567 men and officers.

Major James T. Chase is in charge of the troops by the Charles Nelson. Second Lieutenant W. H. Mapes is acting adjutant; Sergeant Major is E. B. Burton; First Lieutenant M. C. Ashley is surgeon and the Post Quartermaster Sergeant's name is Patten. The company officers are as follows:

Company K, of Poughkeepsie—Captain John Sage, First Lieutenant W. Vossler, Second Lieutenant Clarence Sage.

Company L, of Newburgh—Captain James Sheehan, First Lieutenant Alexander Baxter, Second Lieutenant W. H. Mapes.

Company I—Captain A. E. McIntyre, First Lieutenant George E. Wallace, Second Lieutenant A. L. Decker.

Company M, of Kingston—Captain Robert Tompkins, First Lieutenant David Terry, Second Lieutenant J. Huhne.

Company C, third battalion, of Albany—Captain James E. Roach, First Lieutenant Christopher Gresham, Second Lieutenant Edward Oliver.

The Lakme sailed from San Francisco on the same day as the Charles Nelson. She is a slow boat and may not arrive before tomorrow night. The Lakme has on board the remainder of

the engineer's battalion, numbering about 340 men. The steam schooner North Fork was condemned by the Government and will not come to Honolulu. When the Charles Nelson left no transportation had been secured for the remainder of the New York regiment.

Colonel Barber boarded the Charles Nelson soon after she came to dock and was greeted with three rousing cheers by the New Yorkers. On board he arranged for all the men to have shore leave until 8:30 p. m. Tomorrow morning they will go into temporary camp on a piece of land containing 12 acres back of Kapiolani park, belonging to W. G. Irwin. Mr. Irwin tendered the property to Colonel Barber free of charge. Water pipe will be laid to it this morning and a temporary mess hall will be hastily constructed. The men will be drilled inside the park race track. Colonel Barber has not yet decided upon a site for a permanent garrison.

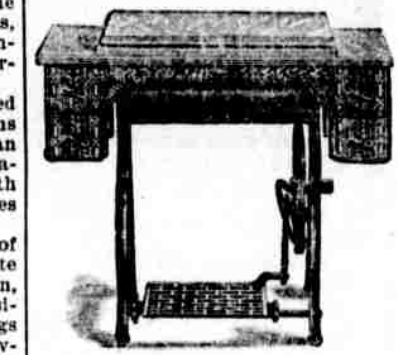
The New Yorkers now here come from the interior. Major James T. Chase, who has charge of the battalion, is a retired shipbuilder of Newburgh; Adjutant Mapes is a photographer of the same town; Sergeant-Major Burton was a young lawyer of Albany and formerly belonged to Company B of that city; Quartermaster-Sergeant Patten was lately in the 4th Artillery, regular army; Surgeon M. C. Ashley was assistant physician of the Middletown State Homeopathic hospital for the insane.

Captain John and Lieutenant Clarence Sage of Poughkeepsie are brothers. Captain A. E. McIntyre of Company I was a printer at Middletown; Lieutenant Wallace of the same company was a bank cashier; Lieutenant Decker, also of Middletown, was a newspaper reporter and is now a correspondent for his home publication; First Sergeant A. E. Nickerson was business manager; and later city editor of the Middletown Daily Argos; Private J. E. Decker was a reporter on the Middletown Daily Times.

### SPEAKER REED RENOMINATED.

PORTLAND, Me., Aug. 2.—The Republicans of the First District held their convention here today. After preliminary business the name of Thomas B. Reed was presented and he was nominated by acclamation amid much enthusiasm.

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